

CLIMATE TRANSPARENCY REPORT 2020

New Zealand Superannuation Fund



### About the Climate-related Disclosure Indicators

Climate has been identified as a top priority for PRI signatories, with over 70% of asset owners reporting this as the most important long-term trend they are acting on.

The FSB Task Force's guidance on climate-related financial disclosure aim to create a single framework for disclosure on assessment and management of climate-related risk. The recommendations, supported by investors representing US\$22 trillion, identify four main disclosures, Governance, Strategy, Risk Management, Metrics and Targets, and include specific guidance for asset owners and managers.

As a result, the PRI introduced climate-related disclosure indicators that can be used to align with the TCFD recommendations in the 2020 PRI Reporting Framework.

## About this report

This report is an export of only the climate-related indicators from the 2020 Reporting Framework response. The full Public Transparency Report is available here (<a href="https://reporting.unpri.org/surveys/PRI-reporting-framework-2020/-98206A2D-F3BC-4BF0-9211-DA7A8CA95541/79894dbc337a40828d895f9402aa63de/html/2/?lang=en&a=1">https://reporting.unpri.org/surveys/PRI-reporting-framework-2020/-98206A2D-F3BC-4BF0-9211-DA7A8CA95541/79894dbc337a40828d895f9402aa63de/html/2/?lang=en&a=1</a>). It shows the responses to all the completed climate indicators, even those you chose to keep private. It is designed for your internal review or – if you wish - to share with your stakeholders.

The PRI will not publish this report on its website if you have designated your 2020 climate reporting as "private". Otherwise, you will be able to access the Climate Transparency Report of your organisation and that of other signatories on the <u>PRI website</u> and on the <u>Data Portal</u>.

To easily locate information, there is a **Recommendation index** which summarises the indicators that signatories complete and disclose. The report presents information exactly as it was reported as per signatory preference. Where an indicator offers a response option that is multiple-choice, all options that were available to the signatory are presented in this report.



# TCFD Recommendations Index

Strategy and	Governance	e - CC	TCFD Recommendation			
Indicator	Reported	Disclosure	Governance	Strategy	Risk Management	Metrics & Targets
SG 01.6 CC	✓	Public				
SG 01.7 CC	✓	Public				
SG 01.8 CC	✓	Public				
SG 01.9 CC	✓	Public				
SG 01.10 CC	✓	Public				
SG 07.5 CC	✓	Public				
SG 07.6 CC	✓	Public				
SG 07.7 CC	✓	Public				
SG 07.8 CC	✓	Public				
SG 13.1	✓	Public				
SG 13.2	✓	Public				
SG 13.4 CC	✓	Public				
SG 13.5 CC	✓	Public				
SG 13.6 CC	✓	Public				
SG 13.7 CC	✓	Public				
SG 13.8 CC	✓	Public				
SG 14.1	✓	Public				
SG 14.2	✓	Public				
SG 14.3	✓	Public				
SG 14.6 CC	✓	Public				
SG 14.7 CC	<b>√</b>	Public				
SG 14.8 CC	<b>√</b>	Public				
SG 14.9 CC	✓	Public				
SG 15.1	<b>√</b>	Public				
SG 15.2	<b>√</b>	Public				
SG 15.3	✓	Public				

Symbol	Status				
✓	The signatory has completed this sub-indicator				
- The signatory did not complete this sub-indicator.					
This indicator is relevant to the named TCFD recommendation					
Within the first column "Indicator", indicators marked in blue are mandatory to complete. Indicators marked in grey are voluntary to complete.					



# **ORGANISATIONAL OVERVIEW**

This section provides an overview of your organisation. These characteristics are used to define your peer groups.

#### **MAIN CHARACTERISTICS**

Name New Zealand Superannuation Fund

Signatory Category Reserve - sovereign or government controlled fund

Signatory Type Asset Owner

Size US\$ 30 - 50 billion AUM

Main Asset Class >50% Listed Equity Externally Managed

Signed PRI Initiative 2006

Region Oceania

Country New Zealand

**Disclosure of Voluntary Indicators** 48% from 38 Voluntary indicators



# New Zealand Superannuation Fund

**Reported Information** 

Public version

Strategy and Governance

### PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories. This information has not been audited by the PRI Secretariat or any other party acting on their behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented, and no responsibility or liability can be accepted for any error or omission.



#### **Investment policy**

SG 01 Mandatory Public Core Assessed General

New selection options have been added to this indicator. Please review your prefilled responses carefully.

SG 01.1

Indicate if you have an investment policy that covers your responsible investment approach.

SG 01 CC

Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Disclose

Public Descriptive

General

SG 01.6 CC Indicate whether your organisation has identified transition and physical climate-related risks and opportunities and factored this into the investment strategies and products, within the organisation's investment time horizon.

Yes

Describe the identified transition and physical climate-related risks and opportunities and how they have been factored into the investment strategies/products.

Our Climate Change Investment Strategy (CCIS) has 4 pillars: Reduce, Analyse, Engage and Search. More information on our CCIS can be found here: https://nzsuperfund.nz/sites/default/files/documents-sys/Guardians%20of%20NZ%20Super%20-

%20Climate%20Change%20White%20Paper%20March%202019.pdf. All the pillars of the Strategy help us to factor climate-related risks and opportunities into portfolio construction.

On current NZ Treasury projections the Fund will not peak in size as a percentage of GDP, until the 2070s. The first withdrawals from the Fund are not scheduled until the 2030s, with substantial withdrawals not scheduled until the 2050s. This makes us one of a very few genuine long-term investors globally. Further information can be found here: https://www.nzsuperfund.nz/how-we-invest-endowments/long-term-investing. Given the Fund's long-term horizon and purpose, it is important that the risks and opportunities stemming from climate change are factored into our investment strategies and ownership practices. The goal of our CCIS is to make the Fund more resilient to climate-related risk. We believe it will improve our portfolio.

In order to determine climate related risks per investment, we have developed a 'Climate Change Valuation Framework' to help us understand and assess the risks in a consistent manner across the Fund. The framework uses a lens to assist in assessing first and second order climate change risks and opportunities. Investment professionals refer to the framework when evaluating new investment opportunities as well as when reviewing existing investments. Climate related risks and opportunities are different for every investment and depend on many considerations. However we categorise the different risks and opportunities assessed under the following headings: Technology, Resource Availability, Impact of Physical Damages, Policy, Demand & Supply and Liability.

The 'Search' pillar of our CCIS introduced a focus on seeking investment opportunities that benefit from a low-carbon transition or provide solutions for action on climate change. The Guardians has a well established strategy on Alternative Energy opportunities which is part of our risk budget (asset allocation) process.

O No

SG 01.7 CC Indicate whether the organisation has assessed the likelihood and impact of these climate risks?

Yes



Describe the associated timescales linked to these risks and opportunities.

The 'Climate Change Valuation Framework' referred to above leads investment professionals to assess the likelihood of the risk identified occurring and whether the impact is expected to be material.

If the likelihood / materiality impact is perceived to be low, then no adjustment would be made to valuation models but qualitative commentary would be included in the investment thesis.

If the likelihood / materiality impact is perceived to be strong, then the investment professional will think about potential impacts on valuation, including for example, consideration of the impact over multiple periods and whether the issue may escalate if it is a one-off event. They may look at inter-relationships and ability to accurately quantify or estimate the impact.

In 2015, Mercer did some scenario work to help us understand the investment risks and opportunities to the portfolio. The timescales of the analysis was 10 years and 35 years to 2050.

In 2018, we did further work on climate change scenarios to help us understand the investment implications. We developed test scenarios using various timescales dependent on the data inputs being considered, for example: temperature rise 2050 and 2100; sea level rises 2030, 2050 and 2100; carbon price 2020, 2030 and 2040 and oil price 2025 out to 2040. This work was finalised in the first quarter of 2019.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 01.8 CC

Indicate whether the organisation publicly supports the TCFD?

Yes

○ No

SG 01.9 CC Indicate whether there is an organisation-wide strategy in place to identify and manage material climate-related risks and opportunities.

Yes

Describe

Our CCIS was announced in October 2016. It is designed to make the Fund more resilient to climate-related risk. Additional information is available on our website here: https://www.nzsuperfund.nz/how-we-invest-balancing-risk-and-return/climate-change.

 $\bigcirc$  No

**SG 1.10** 

CC

Indicate the documents and/or communications the organisation uses to publish TCFD disclosures.

- ☑ Public PRI Climate Transparency Report
- ☐ Annual financial filings
- ☐ Regular client reporting
- ☐ Member communications
- Other

specify

Our website and Annual Report provide detailed coverage of our CCIS, including our Carbon Portfolio Footprint (assured by KPMG) and Climate Change White Paper.

☐ We currently do not publish TCFD disclosures



## **Governance and human resources SG 07 CC Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Public Descriptive** General **Disclose** SG 07.5 Indicate the roles in the organisation that have oversight, accountability and/or management responsibilities for climate-related issues. CC Board members or trustees ☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues ☐ Assessment and management of climate-related issues ☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), **Investment Committee** ☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues ☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues $\hfill\square$ No responsibility for climate-related issues Other Chief-level staff or heads of departments ☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues ☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues ☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues Portfolio managers ☐ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues ☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues ☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues

Investment analysts

□ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues
 ☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues

☐ No responsibility for climate-related issues

Dedicated responsible investment staff

☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues

☑ Assessment and management of climate-related issues

 $\hfill\square$  No responsibility for climate-related issues



	External managers or service providers				
□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-related issues				
☑ A	ssessment and management of climate-related issues				
□N	o responsibility for climate-related issues				
	Other role, specify (1)				
Corpor	rate Strategy, Investment Operations				
□ 0	versight/accountability for climate-related issues				
☑ A	ssessment and management of climate-related issues				
$\square$ N	o responsibility for climate-related issues				
	Other role, specify (2)				
Leader	rship Team				
☑ O	☑ Oversight/accountability for climate-related issues				
☑ A	ssessment and management of climate-related issues				
$\square$ N	o responsibility for climate-related issues				

SG 07.6 CC For board-level roles that have climate-related issue oversight/accountability or implementation responsibilities, indicate how these responsibilities are executed.

The Board has oversight and ultimate responsibility for the Fund's Climate Change Investment Strategy (CCIS).

Development and implementation of the CCIS was a Strategic Objective for financial year 2017/18. Therefore, progress was reported through the Board Audit & Risk Committee as well as in the Board papers. Updates are made through the CEO Report to the Board. Since 2018, the CCIS became part of business as usual within the Guardians' Strategic Plan. Regular reporting (and education) continues to be provided to the Board via the CEO report, Responsible Investment Annual Report and education sessions as required. Progress against our Carbon Reduction Target is reported to the Board annually.

SG 07.7 CC For management-level roles that assess and manage climate-related issues, provide further information on the structure and processes involved.

Management Roles - the CEO is ultimately responsible for the Fund's strategy. The Chief Investment Officer is responsible for the Climate Change Investment Strategy, and the CIO and Head of RI oversee its development, implementation and are co-sponsors of the Climate Change Investment Strategy. The Investment Committee considers papers and proposals on climate change such as reduction target and new investments for recommendation or endorsement. The relevant elements of the strategy are integrated into investment team objectives with the Heads of each team responsible for ensuring delivery. Senior investment staff also lead on different pillars of the CCIS. In particular, the Analyse stream requires ongoing development, testing and collaboration and this is coordinated by a dedicated Climate Change Champion. An overview of CCIS progress is made six monthly to the Investment Committee as part of the Responsible Investment Dashboard.

Other teams within the Guardians also have objectives set as relevant - for example on communications and reporting, or operational implementation.



	SG 07.8 CC	Indicate how your organisatio providers on the TCFD recom		vestment managers and/or service implementation.						
,		that external managers and/or s al financial reports, other regula		oorate TCFD into mainstream finan ar)	cial					
	☑ Request	ncorporation of TCFD into regul	lar client reporting							
	□ Request that external managers complete PRI climate indicator reporting									
	☐ Request responses to TCFD Fund Manager questions in the PRI Asset Owner Guide									
	☐ Other									
	☐ We do no their implem		rs and/or service provid	ders on the TCFD recommendation	ns and					
	ESG issue	s in asset allocation								
SG 13	3 Mai	ndatory	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1					
	SG 13.1			rio analysis and/or modelling, and it (by asset class, sector, strategic a						
	☐ Yes, in or	der to assess future ESG factor	'S							
		der to assess future climate-rela	ated risks and opportu	nities						
		Describe								
		change Valuation Framework an	_	•						
	SG 13.2	Indicate if your organisation callocation of assets between		n strategic asset allocation and/or markets.						
		We do the following								
	☐ Allocat	ion between asset classes								
	□ Determ	nining fixed income duration								
	☐ Allocat	ion of assets between geograph	nic markets							
	☐ Sector	weightings								
	☑ Other,	specify								
	Consid	eration of ESG pre-approval and	d across different type:	s of investment opportunities.						
	□ We do	not consider ESG issues in stra	tegic asset allocation							
	00.40.0	A -   -	ONIALI							

SG 13.3 Additional information. [OPTIONAL]

Review and integration of ESG is an integral part of opportunity assessment. ESG is included in all new opportunity assessments, before an allocation is decided.

For our external managers, responsible investment capabilities are part of our manager selection, due diligence and monitoring processes. After we have selected a manager, we carry out regular responsible investment reviews. For our direct investments, ESG due diligence is a major component of our pre-investment analysis. We also carry out site visits to assess ESG risks and activities directly.

We have developed specific ESG guidelines for different investment opportunities, which help in this process.

In addition, we maintain a dedicated RI section and staff education module on RI on our intranet. Video



recordings also aid the induction processes.

Finally, we report to the Investment Committee on allocation of NAV to positive investments on a 6 monthly basis.

**SG 13 CC Mandatory to Report Voluntary to Public Descriptive** General **Disclose** Describe how your organisation is using scenario analysis to manage climate-related risks SG 13.4 and opportunities, including how the analysis has been interpreted, its results, and any future CC ✓ Initial assessment Describe In order to assist investment professionals in bridging the gap from the high level scenarios to the specifics of individual assets, supplementary information was provided in the Climate Change Investment Strategy Scenario research to assess the ranges of likely impacts through time under different scenarios as well as insight into variations in impacts across industries and geographies. ☑ Incorporation into investment analysis Describe Our investment team developed a Climate Change Valuation Framework (also referred to in SG 01) which was adopted during 2018. The framework assists the investment professionals in integrating climate change considerations into valuations of active equity positions. It consists of five steps as well as six lenses that may help identify and quantify climate change risks. For example, the framework helps consideration of the impact of technology, physical risks, policy, supply/demand and other factors. The Investment Team completed work on scenarios in 2019, this work builds on Valuation Framework and acts as a supplement. We reviewed the Natural Catastrophe Re-insurance opportunity given the associated climate related risks. This research led to a change in the mandate. ☐ Inform active ownership ☐ Other

SG 13.5 Indicate who uses this analysis.

 $\hfill \square$  Board members, trustees, C-level roles, Investment Committee

☑ Portfolio managers

☑ Dedicated responsible investment staff

☐ External managers

☐ Investment consultants/actuaries

Other

specify

Other Senior Investment Professionals within the Fund.



SG 13.6 CC Indicate whether your organisation has evaluated the potential impact of climate-related risks, beyond the investment time horizon, on its investment strategy.

Yes

Describe

Our Climate Change Investment Strategy is built on the belief the climate change presents material long-term risks for which the Fund will not be rewarded through returns.

The Climate Change Valuation Framework and scenario analysis referred to in SG 01 and SG 13.4 helps investment professionals to assess the long-term nature of some climate change impacts.

The 'Reduce' part of the Climate Change Investment Strategy shifts the portfolio to a lower carbon exposure as it is difficult to price or time impact over our time horizon.

 $\bigcirc$  No

SG 13.7 CC Indicate whether a range of climate scenarios is used.

☑ Analysis based on a 2°C or lower scenario

☐ Analysis based on an abrupt transition, consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response

☑ Analysis based on a 4°C or higher scenario

☐ No, a range is not used

SG 13.8 CC

Indicate the climate scenarios your organisation uses.



Provider	Scenario used				
IEA	☐ Beyond 2 Degr (B2DS)	ees Scenario			
IEA	☐ Energy Technor Perspectives (ETI scenario	ology P) 2 Degrees			
IEA	☐ Sustainable De Scenario (SDS)	evelopment			
IEA	☐ New Policy Sce	enario (NPS)	]		
IEA	☐ Current Policy	Scenario (CPS)			
IRENA	☐ RE Map				
Greenpeace	☐ Advanced Ene	rgy [R]evolution			
Institute for Sustainable Development	☐ Deep Decarbon Project (DDPP)	nisation Pathway			
Bloomberg	☐ BNEF reference	e scenario	-		
IPCC	☐ Representative Pathway (RCP) 8				
IPCC	□ RPC 6				
IPCC	□ RPC 4.5		1		
IPCC	□ RPC 2.6		1		
Other	☑ Other (1)		Other A low case (2°0	(1) please specify:	
Other	☑ Other (2)		Other A central case	(2) please specify:	
Other	☑ Other (3)		Other A high case (4°	(3) please specify:	
SG 14	Mandatory to Report Vo	oluntary to	Public	Additional Assessed	PRI 1



SG 14.1

Some investment risks and opportunities arise as a result of long term trends. Indicate which of the following are considered.

- Changing demographics
- ☑ Climate change
- ☑ Resource scarcity
- ☑ Other, specify(1)

other description (1)

We have an alternative energy strategy which came out of our energy sector and climate change research.

☑ Other, specify(2)

other description (2)

Liability, changing consumer preferences that may affect supply and demand of products and services

☐ None of the above

SG 14.2

Indicate which of the following activities you have undertaken to respond to climate change risk and opportunity

- $\ensuremath{\square}$  Established a climate change sensitive or climate change integrated asset allocation strategy
- ☑ Targeted low carbon or climate resilient investments

Specify the AUM invested in low carbon and climate resilient portfolios, funds, strategies or asset classes.

	trillions	billions	millions	thousands	hundreds
Total AUM		25	767	270	000
Currency	NZD				
Assets in USD		16	591	444	635

Specify the framework or taxonomy used.

Our whole portfolio has climate change integrated within it as a result of our Climate Change Investment Strategy.

Specific carbon reduction measures have been implemented in all listed equity portfolios.

We also have investments in what can be categorised as 'climate related opportunities' within our private market investments.



☐ Phase ou	it your investments in your fossil fuel holdings							
	portfolio exposure to emissions intensive or fossil fuel holdings							
	issions data or analysis to inform investment decision making							
	limate change integration by companies							
	limate supportive policy from governments							
	ecify							
	other description							
A kev foc	us was using the valuation framework and scenario tool to help identify climate change risks and							
mitigating								
☐ None of t	he above							
SG 14.3	Indicate which of the following tools the organisation uses to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.							
	analysis							
☑ Disclosur	res on emissions risks to clients/trustees/management/beneficiaries							
	elated targets							
	ging internal and/or external portfolio managers to monitor emissions risks							
☐ Emission	s-risk monitoring and reporting are formalised into contracts when appointing managers							
☐ Weighted	☐ Weighted average carbon intensity							
	potprint (scope 1 and 2)							
✓ Portfolio (	carbon footprint							
☑ Total carbon emissions								
	ntensity							
	to carbon-related assets							
☐ Other em	issions metrics							
☑ Other, sp	ecify							
	other description							
	urage internal and external portfolio managers to consider climate change related risks and ties (not just emissions risk).							
☐ None of t	· ·							
SG 14.5	Additional information [Optional]							
When we look	at new opportunities or review current opportunities, trends and themes are key considerations							

feeding directly into our view on how attractive an opportunity is.

SG 14 CC Voluntary Public General SG 14.6

Provide further details on the key metric(s) used to assess climate-related risks and opportunities.



CC

Metric Type	Coverage	Purpose	Metric Unit	Metric Methodology
Climate-related targets	<ul><li>☑ All assets</li><li>☐ Majority of assets</li><li>☐ Minority of assets</li></ul>	Reduce carbon exposure across portfolio	Carbon Intensity and carbon fossil fuel reserves	GHG protocol
Carbon footprint (scope 1 and 2)	<ul><li>☐ All assets</li><li>☑ Majority of assets</li><li>☐ Minority of assets</li></ul>	Calculating carbon footprinting of portfolio	Carbon Intensity and carbon fossil fuel reserves	GHG protocol
Portfolio carbon footprint	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☐ Minority of assets	Measurement and reporting of carbon footprinting against targets set	Carbon Intensity and carbon fossil fuel reserves	GHG protocol
Total carbon emissions	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☐ Minority of assets	Resilience to carbon risk across portfolio	Carbon Intensity and carbon fossil fuel reserves	GHG protocol
Carbon intensity	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☐ Minority of assets	Understanding carbon risk in the portfolio	Tonnes of carbon emissions divided by \$million of company sales	GHG protocol
Exposure to carbon-related assets	☐ All assets ☐ Majority of assets ☐ Minority of assets			

SG 14.7 CC

Describe in further detail the key targets.



Targettype	Baseline year	Target year	Description	Attachments
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target	2017	2020	By 2020, we target a reduction in the carbon emission intensity of the Fund by at least 20%, and carbon reserves by at least 40%	
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				
☐ Absolute target ☐ Intensity target				

SG 14.8 CC Indicate whether climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management and explain the risk management processes used for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks.

Processes for climate-related risks are integrated into overall risk management

Please describe

The key mechanism is our Climate Change Investment Strategy:

- 1. Long-term resilience through a shift to a low-carbon reference portfolio. Progressively we have applied a low carbon benchmark to both our passive and listed equity portfolio.
- 2. Climate Change analysis integrated into the valuation of real assets using the Climate Change Valuation Framework, and accompanying scenario analysis work.
- 3. Integration of climate change requirements for analysis and engagement into investment managers expectations.
- 4. Engagement programme with a focus on climate change.
- 5. Specific focus on searching for climate change related solutions
- $\ \bigcirc$  Processes for climate-related risks are not integrated into overall risk management

SG 14.9 CC Indicate whether your organisation, and/or external investment manager or service providers acting on your behalf, undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

Yes



Please describe

We are part of the CA100+ initiative. One of the key objectives of this initiative is to encourage target companies to adopt the TCFD.

As part of our due diligence of new and existing managers, we ask if they have supported or are considering supporting the TCFD.

- $\ensuremath{\bigcirc}$  No, we do not undertake active ownership activities.
- $\bigcirc$  No, we do not undertake active ownership activities to encourage TCFD adoption.

SG 15	;	Man Disc	datory to Report Voluntary to lose	Public	Descriptive	PRI 1
	SG 15.	1	Indicate if your organisation alloca environmental and social themed		or manages, funds based on s	specific
	<ul><li>Yes</li></ul>					
	S	G 15.2	Indicate the percentage of you areas.	ur total AUM inv	vested in environmental and	social themed
			%			
	6.	.7				
	S	G 15.3	Specify which thematic area(sparticular asset class and pro			our AUM in the
			Area			
		☑ En	ergy efficiency / Clean technology			
			Asset class invested			
		[	☐ Listed equity			
		[	☐ Fixed income - SSA			
		[	☐ Fixed income - Corporate (finance	ial)		
		[	☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-fir	nancial)		
			☐ Fixed income - Securitised			
		[	✓ Private equity			
				l (+/-5%) per as	sset class invested in the area	a
			0.8			
	☐ Property					
			☐ Infrastructure			
			☐ Hedge funds			
			□ Forestry □ Farmland			
			⊒ Other (1)			



#### Brief description and measures of investment

The type of investment is similar to private equity but is managed internally via our Direct Investment team. Types of investment include: Fuel cell manufacturer, for stationary power generation applications, a wind farm development company and waste to recycling facility.

☐ Renewable energy ☑ Green buildings
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☐ Fixed income - SSA
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☑ Private equity
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
0.9
□ Property
☐ Infrastructure
☐ Hedge funds
□ Forestry
□ Farmland
☐ Other (1)
Brief description and measures of investment
Energy efficient glass
☑ Sustainable forestry
Asset class invested
☐ Listed equity
☐ Fixed income - SSA
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed income - Securitised
☐ Private equity
□ Property
□ Infrastructure
☐ Hedge funds
☑ Forestry



reflectitage of Aoivi (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area	
4.3	
☐ Farmland	
☐ Other (1)	
Brief description and measures of investment	
The large majority of our forestry investments have FSC or PEFC certification. In addition, we have invested in one REDD forest project.	/e
□ Sustainable agricultura	
☐ Sustainable agriculture ☐ Microfinance	
□ SME financing	
✓ Social enterprise / community investing	
Asset class invested	
☐ Listed equity	
☐ Fixed income - SSA	
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (financial)	
☐ Fixed income - Corporate (innaricial)	
☐ Fixed income - Securitised	
☐ Private equity	
☐ Property ☑ Infrastructure	
™ IIIIIastructure	
Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area	
0.3	
☐ Hedge funds	
□ Forestry	
□ Farmland	
□ Other (1)	
Brief description and measures of investment	
Social Infrastructure Fund - investing in schools, hospitals and other social infrastructure.	
In 2017, the Fund made its first investment in a social bond, investing NZ\$5.45m in a bond issued as part of the Ministry of Health's social bond programme. It seeks to reduce reoffending rates amongst a cohort of youth offenders by 15% over a 6 year period. 2018-2019 has shown some encouraging signs in terms of reduction figures in re-offending rates.	i
In 2019, the Fund also invested in Flow, a multi-utility business which provides sustainable water and energy infrastructure.	
☑ Affordable housing	



	Asset class invested
☐ Listed	equity
☐ Fixed in	ncome - SSA
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Securitised
☐ Private	equity
	ty
	Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area
0.1	
☐ Infrastr	ucture
☐ Hedge	funds
☐ Forestr	у
□ Farmla	nd
☐ Other (	1)
	Brief description and measures of investment
price. Of the the remaind developed w	inits developed in the project, 70% are priced at or below the regional median house se, 74% of the units developed are 2 bedrooms or greater, 35% are townhouses and er will be in apartment or maisonette format. Also, around 20% of the total units vill be retained as long-term rentals offering renters fixed tenures of 3 to 7 years.
Education	
Global healt	h
Water	
Other area,	
Waste and r	ecycling technology
	Asset class invested
☐ Listed (	equity
☐ Fixed in	ncome - SSA
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Corporate (financial)
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Corporate (non-financial)
☐ Fixed in	ncome - Securitised
✓ Private	equity
	Percentage of AUM (+/-5%) per asset class invested in the area



0.3

Property
Infrastructure
Hedge funds
Forestry
Farmland
Other (1)

#### Brief description and measures of investment

This investment was a new investment in 2018. It is a cloud-based waste and recycling technology company.

The company provides an innovative technology platform for waste and recycling. It connects customers to a network of independent waste haulers and is leading the development of smart city products in the waste and recycling space. The company's goal is to help businesses, governments and organisations confidently execute on their sustainability goals through their waste management operations.

 $\bigcirc$  No

